

University of Groningen

The Genito-Pelvic Pain/Penetration Disorder Paradigm and Beyond

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STELLINGEN

behorende bij het proefschrift

The Genito-Pelvic Pain/Penetration Disorder Paradigm and Beyond Theoretical and empirical perspectives

1. An individualized, multifaceted, multidisciplinary approach to provoked vestibulodynia provides a significant reduction in vulvar pain and restores the ability to have intercourse (this thesis)
2. Even after 'successful' treatment of provoked vestibulodynia caution with intercourse should be exercised (this thesis)
3. There is insufficient evidence to support the use of anticonvulsants for the treatment of generalized and localized vulvodynia (this thesis)
4. Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation constitutes a feasible and beneficial additional treatment option for women with therapy-resistant provoked vestibulodynia (this thesis)
5. Women with therapy-resistant provoked vestibulodynia should be offered transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulation before performing a vestibulectomy (this thesis)
6. In analogy to the anal and urethral canal the vaginal canal has a sphincter mechanism (this thesis)
7. The distinct impact of reflexive pelvic floor muscle contractions on the onset of genitopelvic pain/ penetration disorder is underestimated (this thesis)
8. In examining disease, we gain wisdom about anatomy and physiology and biology. In examining the person with disease, we gain wisdom about life (Oliver Sacks)
9. Oog om oog maakt de hele wereld blind (Ghandi)
10. Love is a conflict between reflexes and reflections (Magnus Hirschfeld)

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