

University of Groningen

No place like home?

de Jong, Petra

DOI:
[10.33612/diss.178356380](https://doi.org/10.33612/diss.178356380)

IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.

Document Version
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Publication date:
2021

[Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database](#)

Citation for published version (APA):

de Jong, P. (2021). *No place like home? Residential mobility and housing preferences of older adults in the Netherlands*. [Thesis fully internal (DIV), University of Groningen]. University of Groningen. <https://doi.org/10.33612/diss.178356380>

Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

The publication may also be distributed here under the terms of Article 25fa of the Dutch Copyright Act, indicated by the "Taverne" license. More information can be found on the University of Groningen website: <https://www.rug.nl/library/open-access/self-archiving-pure/taverne-amendment>.

Take-down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): <http://www.rug.nl/research/portal>. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.

No place like home?

RESIDENTIAL MOBILITY AND HOUSING PREFERENCES OF OLDER ADULTS IN THE NETHERLANDS

Petra Aletta de Jong

1. The passage through successive life stages results not only in different age-specific propensities to move, but also in shifting likelihoods of residing in larger or smaller settlements – this thesis
2. The strongest predictors of residential mobility of Dutch older adults are factors associated with the (suitability of the) home environment, while a deteriorating living environment plays an important role in explaining the older adults' propensity to move – this thesis
3. The tendency of Dutch older adults to 'stay put' is mainly motivated by choice rather than by constraint – this thesis
4. The Dutch older population is not a homogenous group. Instead, it is made up of people with different lifestyles, which shape their residential choice behaviour - this thesis
5. Later-life migrants typically make up a minority of the older population, and it is stayers -by ageing in place- who exercise a greater influence on spatial structures – this thesis
6. Research on residential mobility has tended to focus on mobility and treat residential stability as the absence of the event, rather than as occurrence in its own right
7. Older adults will not necessarily choose the most suitable dwelling, because they are more concerned about losing what they have, than about what they might gain
8. Defining 'ageing in place' is not straightforward; sometimes one needs to move in order to age in the 'right' place
9. Policy makers should move away from generic housing solutions for older adults. Instead, policy should focus more on participatory decision-making, in which the diverse preferences and demands of older adults can help to co-create policies on the provision of housing