

University of Groningen

## From data and structure to models and controllers

van Waarde, Henk

DOI:  
[10.33612/diss.144254461](https://doi.org/10.33612/diss.144254461)

**IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.**

*Document Version*  
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

*Publication date:*  
2020

[Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database](#)

*Citation for published version (APA):*  
van Waarde, H. (2020). *From data and structure to models and controllers*. [Thesis fully internal (DIV), University of Groningen]. University of Groningen. <https://doi.org/10.33612/diss.144254461>

### Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

The publication may also be distributed here under the terms of Article 25fa of the Dutch Copyright Act, indicated by the "Taverne" license. More information can be found on the University of Groningen website: <https://www.rug.nl/library/open-access/self-archiving-pure/taverne-amendment>.

### Take-down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

*Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): <http://www.rug.nl/research/portal>. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.*

Stellingen  
behorende bij het proefschrift  
**From Data and Structure to Models and Controllers**  
van Henk van Waarde

1. The notion of informative data lies at the heart of data-driven analysis and control.  
*(Chapters 3–6)*
2. The matrix S-lemma asserts that one quadratic matrix inequality is implied by another one if and only if a linear matrix inequality is feasible. It can be successfully applied to analysis and control problems involving noisy data.  
*(Chapters 5 and 6)*
3. Generic (or weak structural) system properties are tricky in the sense that “for almost all” does not imply “in almost all situations”.
4. It is important to exploit prior knowledge on the graph structure, when available, in the analysis of network identifiability.  
*(Chapters 9 and 10)*
5. Systems’ structure can naturally be captured using pattern matrices. Strong structural properties such as controllability can be characterized completely in terms of such pattern matrices.  
*(Chapters 11 and 12)*
6. It’s the questions we can’t answer that teach us the most. They teach us how to think. If you give a man an answer, all he gains is a little fact. But give him a question and he’ll look for his own answers.  
*Patrick Rothfuss*
7. If people do not believe that mathematics is simple, it is only because they do not realize how complicated life is.  
*John von Neumann*
8. Wenn ich des Tages nicht dreimal  
Mein Schälchen Coffee trinken darf,  
So werd ich ja zu meiner Qual  
Wie ein verdorrtes Ziegenbrätchen.  
*Johann Sebastian Bach*
9. When you see a good move, look for a better one.  
*World Chess Champion Emanuel Lasker*
10. One overestimates what one can do in a day, but underestimates what one can achieve in a year.  
*Unknown origin*